

SURVEY HIGHLIGHTS: Manufacturers' access to financing

- > Manufacturers who answered the survey seem to generally be in **good health**.
 - One third report average sales growth greater than 10% in the past three years, and two out of five report 1% to 10% sales growth.
- > That being said, more than half of the respondents claim that access to financing remains difficult for Canadian manufacturers (28% say it is "very difficult").
- > Less than half (43%) requested financing in 2013, and a majority (59%) did so in 2012.
 - Most of the respondents who said they did not request financing claim it is because they did not see any immediate needs.
- > Among those who requested financing, a majority received at least in part the money sought. In fact, nearly two thirds received funding either in full (41%) or in part (23%).
- > The two main **sources** of financing cited are traditional in nature: **commercial banks** (64%) and government organizations (52%).
 - To a lesser extent, respondents mentioned leasing, personal funding and retained earnings as sources of financing for their business.
- > Manufacturers do have **projects** for the future. Two thirds are planning to **develop new** products or services, or to purchase new equipment or machinery.
- > However, three out of five manufacturers who completed this survey believe that access to financing for their planned project will be an issue.

[...] it has been difficult to book orders and projects. Money is tight and it is tough to support the business that we have. The banks and financial institutions don't seem too interested in helping small businesses.

> We have new, exciting technology but all commercial lenders believe new technology is high risk.

All manufacturers have ongoing specific financing needs... [There might be] financing challenges [...] for some Canadian manufacturers but because we have good cash flow, we do not have a problem and do not anticipate one in the near future.



SURVEY HIGHLIGHTS: Non-traditional sources of financing



- > When **seeking financing**, manufacturers perceive the following key elements as follows:
 - VERY IMPORTANT: Amount and interest rates
 - SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT: Collateral, revolving credit and company portion
 - LESS IMPORTANT: Fees, turnaround time and amortization period
 - NOT VERY IMPORTANT: Support provided by financial partner, documentation required and ability to reimburse before schedule
- > More than half of the respondents are **not at all familiar with quasi-equity**.
- > Generally speaking, the manufacturers who completed the survey are **open** to most of the elements that characterize equity financing, except when it comes to diluting the company:
- OPEN: Having a financial partner (FP) provide recommendations or advice; getting a different financial instrument than sought initially; having an FP participate in the analysis of the project;
- MODERATELY OPEN: Establishing funding cost based on project performance or company performance; hiring external consultants; having an FP suggest potential members of the company's advisory board or board of directors.
- **NOT OPEN**: Adding shareholders; losing majority control.
- > When it comes to investing, three out of five respondents **consult** either an **external advisor** such as an accountant (43%) or an **internal advisor** (16%). Therefore, building a good network of influencers is key to BDC Subordinate Financing's business development strategy.

I have some understanding of [quasi-equity] but do not know specific details.

[It is] a fair and equitable concept, provided there is a clear-cut ability to return to original ownership, once an agreed upon return has been achieved.

SURVEY HIGHLIGHTS: Respondent profile



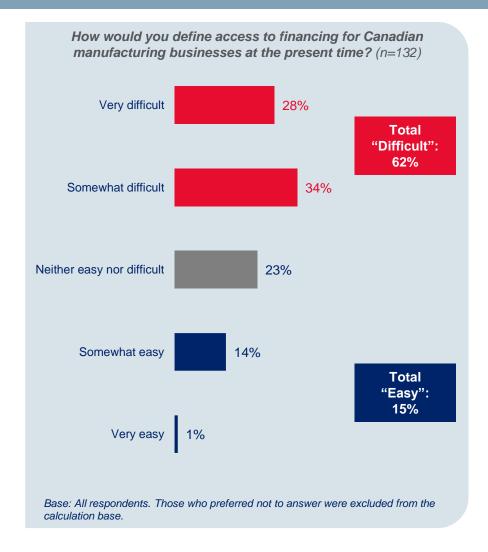
- > 140 Canadian manufacturers, members of the BDC ViewPoints panel, completed this survey between May 21 and June 2, 2013.
- > Most respondents come from businesses with **5 to 99 employees**:
 - 1 to 4 employees: 34%
 - 5 to 99 employees: 59%
 - 100 employees or more: 7%
- Respondents from all four regions were represented:
 - West: 28%
 - Ontario: 39%
 - Quebec: 28%
 - Atlantic: 5%
- Half of the respondents qualify their current business life stage as being in **growth or expansion**.
- > Respondents mainly focus on **innovation**, **marketing**, and **operational efficiency** when it comes to growth opportunities:
 - Product / service innovation
 - Expanding in existing / new markets
 - Streamlining operations
 - Responding to higher demand from emerging countries
- Two out of five respondents have an advisory board or a board of directors in their company.
- Almost three quarters (72%) report **exporting** outside of the country.
 - Those who don't export claim it is because it is not applicable to their business model; the size of their company does not warrant it; or they don't have the internal resources to pursue such initiatives.



Detailed results

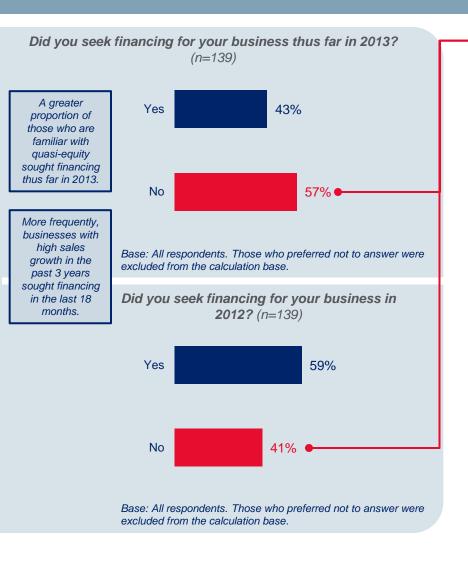
NOTE: Only relevant statistically significant differences between sub-groups have been highlighted in this document.

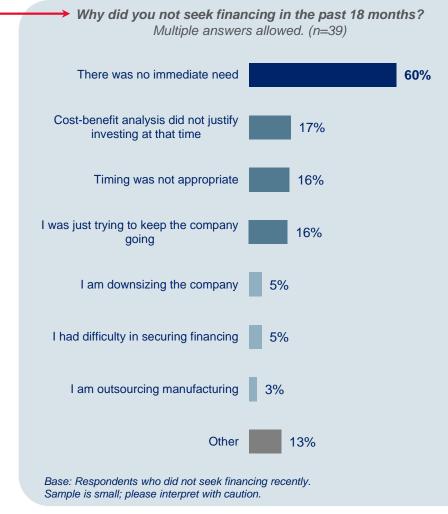
Access to financing for manufacturing businesses



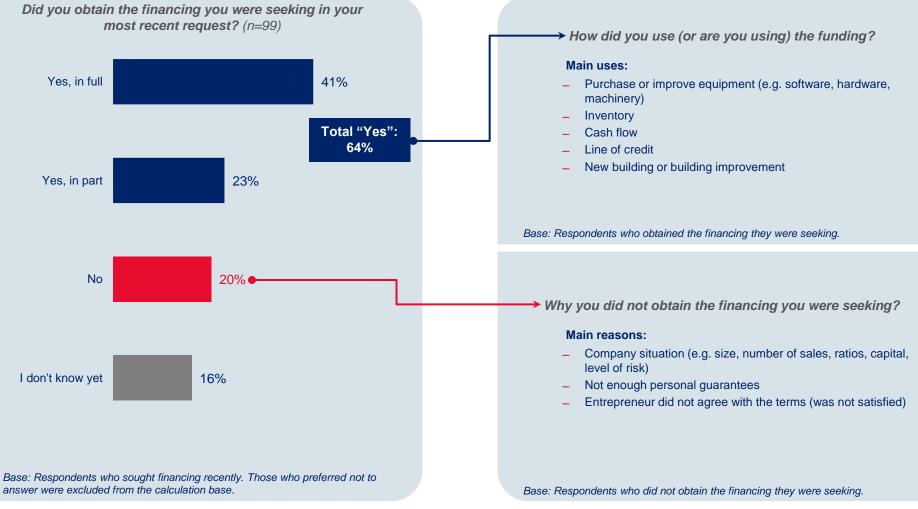


Seeking financing in the past 18 months and reasons not to seek financing

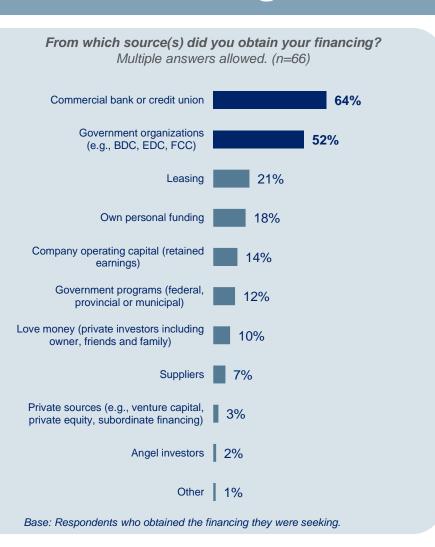


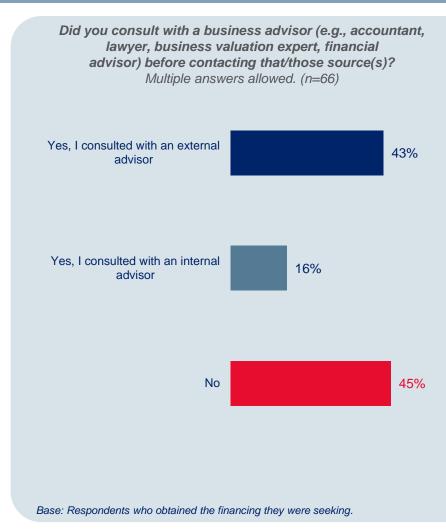


Obtaining financing, how financing was used and reasons not to obtain the financing sought



Sources of funding and consulting an advisor before looking for a financing source





Financing needs, challenges and growth opportunities specific to manufacturers

In your opinion, do manufacturers have specific financing needs (amount or type of financing sought, financing sources, consulting and advice, etc.)?

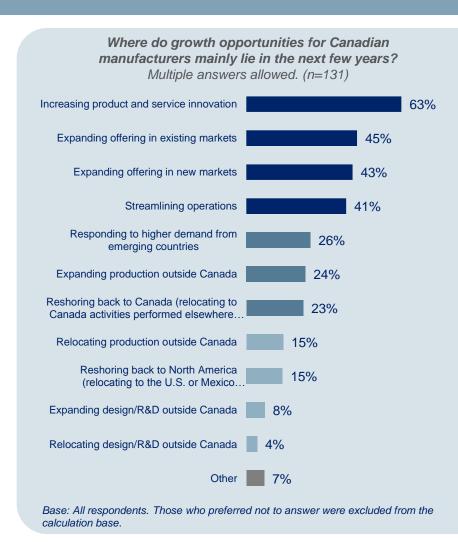
Main specific needs:

- Equipment financing
- Long-term payment schedule
- Support for exporting
- Working capital
- Investment and support from government
- Consulting services

What challenges will the Canadian manufacturing sector mainly be facing in the next years?

Main challenges:

- Local and international competition (e.g. China, India)
- High Canadian dollar
- Cost of labour (e.g. higher wages in Canada)
- Retaining and recruiting skilled workers
- High taxation
- Governmental regulations
- Innovation/technology
- Cost of fuel/gas

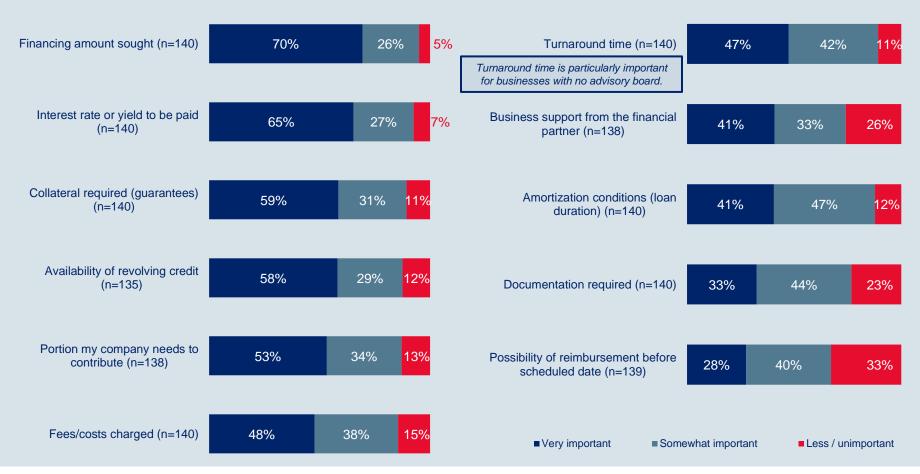




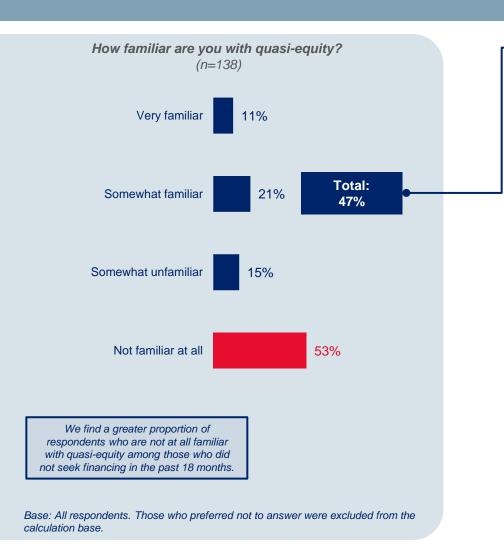
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Elements perceived as important when seeking financing

Generally speaking, how important are each of the following elements to you when you are seeking financing for your business?



Familiarity and perception of quasi-equity financing



→ What do you think of quasi-equity financing? Are there aspects of it that you like or dislike?

Positive aspects:

- Good type of financing/alternative for specific cases
- Higher risk capital

Negative aspects:

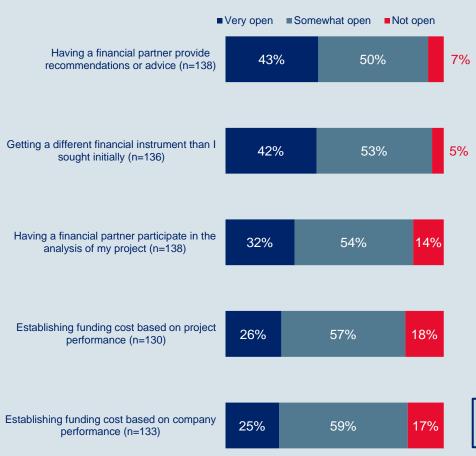
- Too expensive
- High interest rates
- Terms are not clear
- Process is complex and long

Base: Respondents who said they were "Very familiar", "Somewhat familiar" or "Somewhat unfamiliar" with quasi-equity.



Being open to certain conditions when securing financing

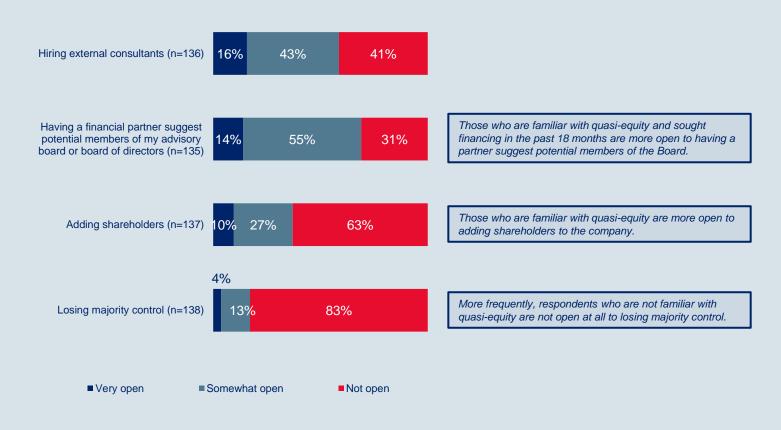
To secure the financing your company needs for a given project, how open are you to the following aspects of the deal?



More often, those who sought financing in the past 18 months are very open to establishing funding cost based on company performance.

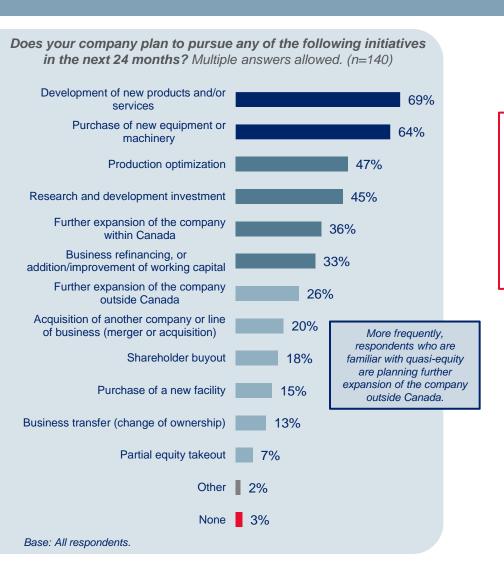
Being open to certain conditions when securing financing (continued)

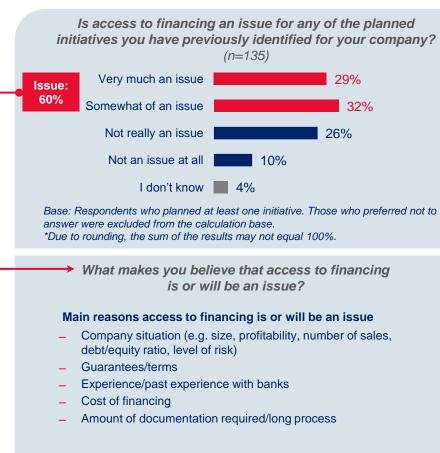
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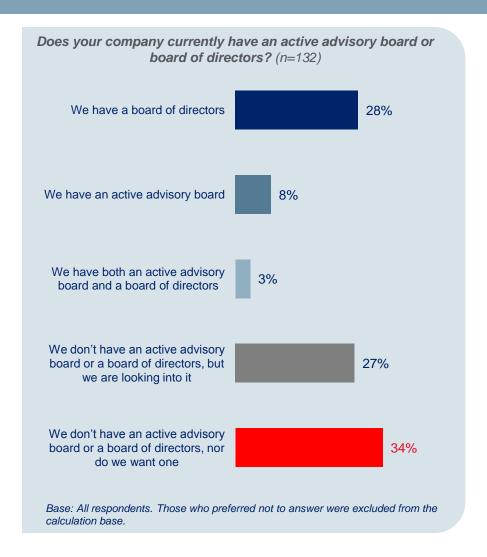


Planned initiatives and accessing financing for these initiatives





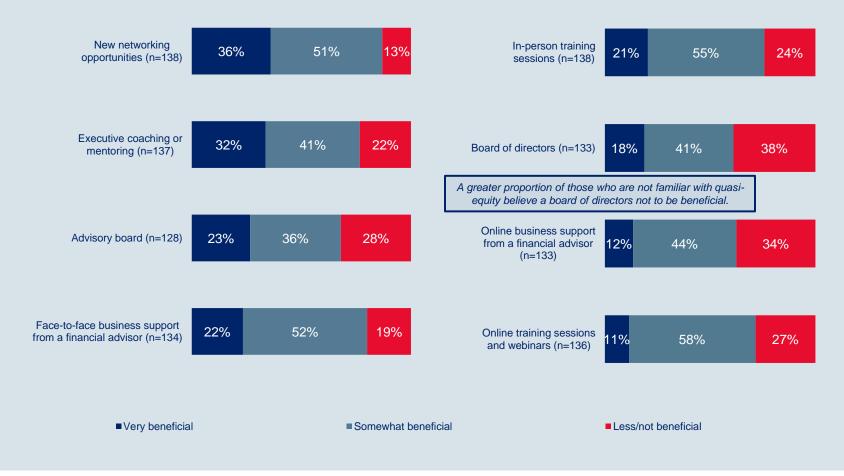
Having an active advisory board and board of directors in the business





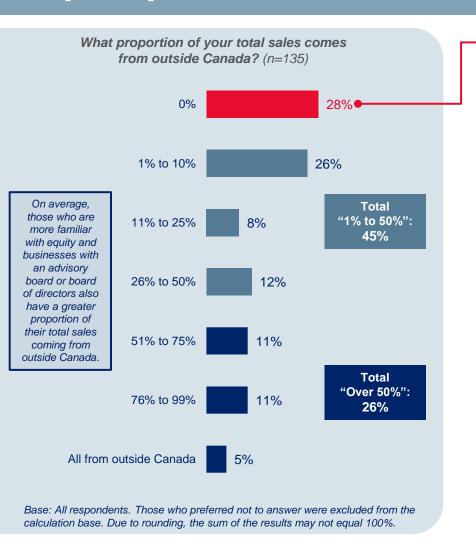
Elements perceived as beneficial to a business

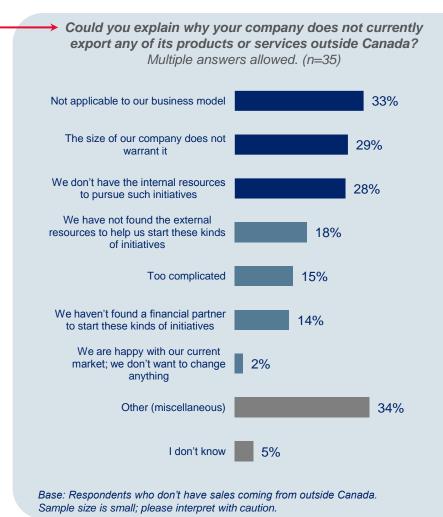
In your opinion, how beneficial are the following elements to your business—or how beneficial would they be to your business?





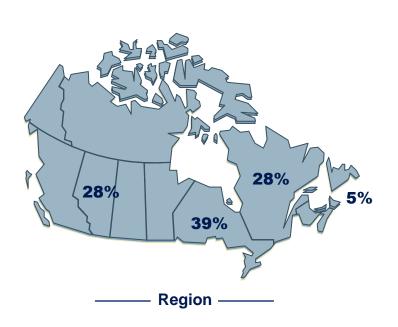
Sales from outside Canada and reasons not to export products or services

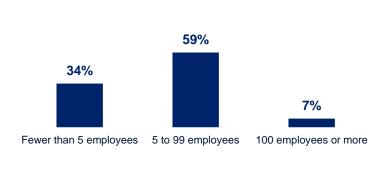




Business profile

BUSINESS PROFILE: Region and number of employees

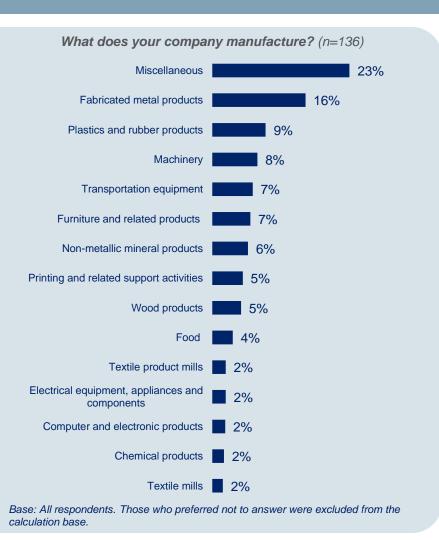


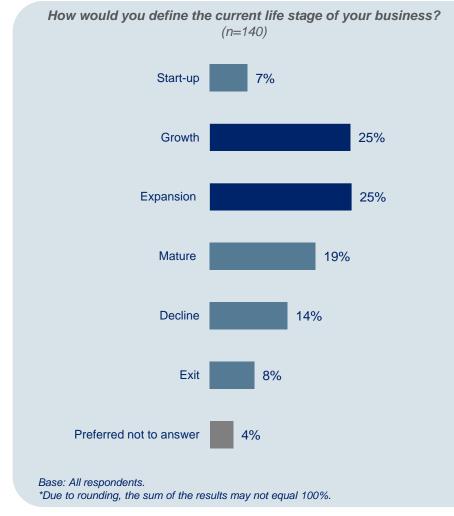


____ Number of ____ employees

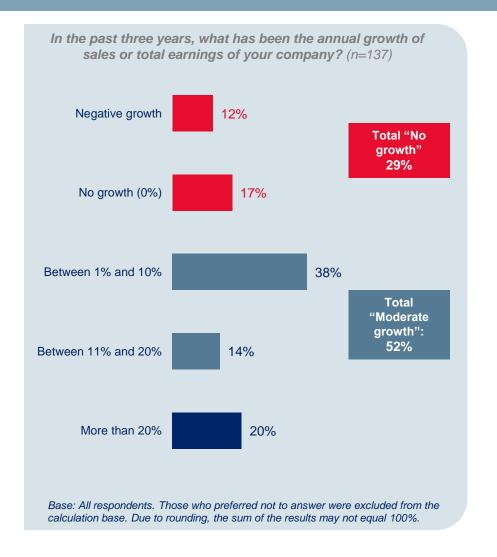
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BUSINESS PROFILE: Type of manufacturer and business life stage





BUSINESS PROFILE: Annual growth in the past three years





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